

## General Data Protection Policy

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# Contents

1. Aims.....	1
2. Legislation and guidance.....	1
3. Definitions.....	1
4. The data controller .....	2
5. Roles and responsibilities .....	2
6. Data protection principles .....	3
7. Collecting personal data .....	4
8. Sharing personal data.....	5
9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals .....	5
10. CCTV .....	8
11. Photographs and videos.....	8
12. Data protection by design and default.....	8
13. Data security and storage of records.....	9
14. Disposal of records .....	10
15. Personal data breaches.....	10
16. Training .....	10
17. Monitoring arrangements.....	10
18. Links with other policies .....	11
APPENDIX A - PERSONAL DATA SECURITY BREACH REPORT .....	12
A. Containment and Recovery .....	12
B. Assessment of Risks.....	13
C. Consideration of Further Notification.....	14
D. Evaluation and Response.....	15

## John 10:10

*I have come that they may have life, and have it to the full.*

Our school’s approach to this policy follows that of the Church of England Education Office in that it seeks to be faith-sensitive and inclusive. It is underpinned by Our Vision of *‘Life in all its fullness’* and ensures that all of school life incorporates the values of the Christian Faith. These values are central to all that we do and determine how we will implement all policies and procedures. We want to ensure that through our gateways of citizenship, leadership, expression, exploration and flourishing, all pupils and adults are shown how to be compassionate, passionate, honest, inspiring and responsible individuals. By starting with our vision, we aim to ensure that all members of our school community understand our expectations, our practise and the ways in which we will implement this Policy.

## 1. Aims

All schools in the Academy for Character and Excellence aim to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, local committee members, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the [General Data Protection Regulation \(GDPR\)](#) and the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018)

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

## 2. Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR and the DPA 2018. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the [GDPR](#) and the ICO's [code of practice for subject access requests](#).

It also reflects the ICO's [code of practice](#) for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

In addition, this policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

## 3. Definitions

Term	Definition
<b>Personal data</b>	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual. This may include the individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Name (including initials)</li><li>• Identification number</li><li>• Location data</li><li>• Online identifier, such as a username</li></ul> It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.
<b>Special categories of personal data</b>	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Racial or ethnic origin</li><li>• Political opinions</li><li>• Religious or philosophical beliefs</li><li>• Trade union membership</li><li>• Genetics</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes</li> <li>• Health – physical or mental</li> <li>• Sex life or sexual orientation</li> </ul>
<b>Processing</b>	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.
<b>Data subject</b>	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
<b>Data controller</b>	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
<b>Data processor</b>	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
<b>Personal data breach</b>	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.

#### 4. The data controller

The Trust processes personal data relating to parents, pupils, staff, local committee members, visitors and others, and therefore is a data controller. The Trust and all of the schools will abide by this policy.

The Trust is registered as a data controller with the ICO and will renew this registration annually or as otherwise legally required. All schools fall under this registration.

#### 5. Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to **all staff** employed by our Trust, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

##### 5.1 Strategic Board

The strategic board has overall responsibility for ensuring that our school complies with all relevant data protection obligations.

## 5.2 Data protection officer

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

The DPO is also the first point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO.

Full details of the DPO's responsibilities are set out in their job description.

The Trust's DPO is Rozel Ridgway and is contactable via email [roz.el.ridgway@acexcellence.co.uk](mailto:roz.el.ridgway@acexcellence.co.uk); phone number 01626 242342.

## 5.3 Executive Head/Headteacher

The CEO for the Trust and the headteacher for each school acts as the representative of the data controller on a day-to-day basis.

## 5.4 All staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Contacting the DPO in the following circumstances:
  - With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
  - If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
  - If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
  - If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area
  - If there has been a data breach or if they are unsure whether or not there may have been
  - Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
  - If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties

## 6. Data protection principles

The GDPR is based on data protection principles that our school must comply with. The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes

- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure
- Not transferred to another country without appropriate safeguards being in place
- Made available to data subjects, who must also be allowed to exercise certain rights in relation to the data

This Trust policy sets out how each school aims to comply with these principles.

## 7. Collecting personal data

### 7.1 Lawfulness, fairness and transparency

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **comply with a legal obligation**
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life
- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task **in the public interest**, and carry out its official functions
- The data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the school or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear **consent**

For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing which are set out in the GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018.

If we offer online services to pupils, such as classroom apps, and we intend to rely on consent as a basis for processing, we will get parental consent (except for online counselling and preventive services).

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law.

### 7.2 Limitation, minimisation and accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the information and records management [Information and Records Management Society's toolkit for schools](#).

## 8. Sharing personal data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else, without consent, but may do so where, it is required by law or for the purposes of carrying out our functions as a school, for example:

- There is an issue with a pupil or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- We need to liaise with other agencies for the purposes of fulfilling our legal obligations or performing a task carried out in the public interest. Alternatively we will seek consent as necessary before doing this
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and pupils – for example, IT companies. When doing this, we will:
  - Only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with data protection law
  - Establish a GDPR compliant data sharing agreement with the supplier or contractor, either in the contract or as a standalone agreement, to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
  - Only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so, including for:

- The prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud
- The apprehension or prosecution of offenders
- The assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC
- In connection with legal proceedings
- Where the disclosure is required to satisfy our safeguarding obligations
- Research and statistical purposes, as long as personal data is sufficiently anonymised or consent has been provided

We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our pupils or staff.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

## 9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals

### 9.1 Subject access requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual

Subject access requests which are submitted in writing, either by letter, email or fax to the DPO should include:

- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

If staff receive a subject access request either verbally or written, they must immediately forward it to the Headteacher and DPO.

### 9.2 Children and subject access requests

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request, or have given their consent.

Children below the age of 12 are generally not regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, most subject access requests from parents or carers of pupils at our school's may be granted without the express permission of the pupil. This is not a rule and a pupil's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

### 9.3 Responding to subject access requests

When responding to requests, we:

- May ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification [If the Trust considers it necessary then it may require a form of identification to confirm identity before disclosing information]
- May contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- Will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request, save as set out below
- Will provide the information free of charge
- May tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request, where a request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension is necessary



We will not disclose information if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
- Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
- Is contained in adoption or parental order records
- Is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child
- Doing so would fall within any other relevant exemption as set out in law

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which takes into account administrative costs.

A request will be deemed to be unfounded or excessive if it is repetitive, or asks for further copies of the same information.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

#### **9.4 Other data protection rights of the individual**

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the European Economic Area
- The Trust is awaiting further guidance in respect of the exact legal position since the United Kingdom has left the European Union but will continue to observe all the requirements of the Data Protection Act 2018
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the DPO. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to the DPO.

Should parents, or those with parental responsibility, wish to have access to their child's

educational record (which includes most information about a pupil), the following process needs to be followed:

1. The request must be made formally in writing addressed to the Headteacher and the Chair of the Local Committee.
2. The request will be acknowledged and where appropriate the school will speak to the child regarding their consent for this information to be shared.
3. A decision will be made within 21 days on what information can be provided.

## 10. CCTV

We may use CCTV in various locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. If this is the case we will adhere to the ICO's [code of practice](#) for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to the, Headteacher or Executive Headteacher.

## 11. Photographs and videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers for photographs and videos to be taken of their child for communication, marketing and promotional materials. We will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to both the parent/carer and pupil.

Uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further.

When using photographs and videos in this way we will not accompany them with any other personal information about the child, to ensure they cannot be identified.

See our Safeguarding Policy for more information on our use of photographs and videos.

## 12. Data protection by design and default

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law (see section 6)
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process)
- Integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- Regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
  - For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
  - For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, how and why we are storing the data, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure

### 13. Data security and storage of records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.

In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data are kept under lock and key when not in use
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, pinned to notice/display boards, or left anywhere else where there is general access
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must sign it in and out from the school office
- Passwords that are at least 8 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff and pupils are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals
- Encryption software is used to protect all portable devices and removable media, such as laptops and USB devices
- Staff, pupils, local committee members or directors who store personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment (see our Online Safety Policy)

- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8)

## 14. Disposal of records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records, and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.

## 15. Personal data breaches

The school will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches.

In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1.

When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours. Such breaches in a school context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of pupils eligible for the pupil premium
- Safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about pupils

## 16. Training

All staff, local committee members and directors are provided with data protection training as part of their induction process.

Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

## 17. Monitoring arrangements

The DPO is responsible for monitoring and reviewing this policy.

This policy will be reviewed at least **every 2 years**, updated as necessary and shared with the full local committee board and board of directors.

This policy does not override any applicable national data privacy laws and regulations where the Trust operates.

## 18. Links with other policies

This data protection policy is linked to our:

- Freedom of information publication scheme
- Safeguarding policy
- Online Safety policy
- Freedom of Information policy
- Records Management policy

## APPENDIX A - PERSONAL DATA SECURITY BREACH REPORT

Time and Date breach was identified	
Time and data of breach occurring	
School	
Description of the Breach	
Name of Person Reporting it	
Confirmed or suspected Breach	
Nature of Data involved	
Volume of Data Involved	
Impact (actual or potential) to data subject	
Breach contained or ongoing	
What actions were undertaken to recover the data	
Any other relevant information	

### Investigation Checklist

#### A. Containment and Recovery

Determine severity of breach and if any Personal Data is involved	
Allocate Lead Investigation Officer	
Identify cause of the breach and whether it has been contained. Ensure that any possibility of further data loss is removed or mitigated as far as possible	
Determine whether anything can be done to recover any losses and limit any damage that may be caused E.g. physical recovery of data/equipment, or where data corrupted, through use of back-ups.	
Where appropriate, the Lead Responsible Officer or nominee to inform the police. E.g. stolen property, fraudulent activity, offence under Computer Misuse Act	

## B. Assessment of Risks

Type and volume of data How many individuals' Personal Data are affected by breach?	
How sensitive is the data?	
What happened to it?	
If the data was lost/stolen, were there any protections in place to prevent access/misuse? E.g. encryption of data/device.	
Who are the individuals whose data has been compromised? Students, applicants, staff, customers, clients or suppliers?	
Is there actual/potential harm that could come to any individuals? E.g. are there risks to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• physical safety;</li> <li>• emotional wellbeing;</li> <li>• reputation;</li> <li>• finances;</li> <li>• identify (theft/fraud from release of non-public identifiers);</li> <li>• or a combination of these and other private aspects of their life?</li> </ul>	
Are there others who might advise on risks/courses of action? E.g. If individuals' bank details have been lost, consider contacting the banks themselves for advice on anything they can do to help you prevent fraudulent use.	

### c. Consideration of Further Notification

<p>Can notification help the Trust meet its security obligations under the seventh data protection principle? E.g. prevent any unauthorised access, use or damage to the information or loss of it.</p>	
<p>Can notification help the individual?</p>	
<p>Could individuals act on the information provided to mitigate risks (e.g. by changing a password or monitoring their account)?</p>	
<p>Consider the dangers of 'over notifying'. Not every incident will warrant notification "and notifying a whole 2 million strong customer base of an issue affecting only 2,000 customers may well cause disproportionate enquiries and work".</p>	
<p>Consult the ICO guidance on when and how to notify it about breaches. Where there is little risk that individuals would suffer significant detriment, there is no need to report. There should be a presumption to report to the ICO where a large volume of Personal Data is concerned and there is a real risk of individuals suffering some harm. Cases must be considered on their own merits and there is no precise rule as to what constitutes a large volume of Personal Data.</p>	
<p>Consider, as necessary, the need to notify any third parties who can assist in helping or mitigating the impact on individuals. E.g. police, insurers, professional bodies, funders, trade unions, website/system owners, bank/credit card companies.</p>	



**D. Evaluation and Response**

Establish where any present or future risks lie.	
Consider and identify any weak points in existing security measures and procedures. E.g. in relation to methods of storage and/or transmission, use of storage devices, levels of access, systems/network protections.	
Consider and identify any weak points in levels of security awareness/training.	
Report to DPO, Local Committee and Strategic Board	

Report Form completed by	
Date	